

Влияние добавки нанопорошка оксида кремния на эффективность уплотнения при термическом спекании циркониевой керамики

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30,

50
97ZrO₂-3Y₂O₃ (%),

5-30 .%.

23 ,

SiO₂

ZrO₂-SiO₂

SiO₂

Effect of silicon oxide nanopowder additive on compaction efficiency at thermal sintering of zirconium ceramics

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The object of the study is ceramics based on zirconium dioxide stabilized with yttrium oxide. The problems of the influence of ceramic additives of a different composition on the mechanical characteristics of ceramics have been studied. In contrast to previous studies, in which the effect of the addition of bismuth oxide has been studied, the effect of the addition of silicon dioxide obtained by electron-beam evaporation on the density of powder compacts and the mechanical properties of ceramics based on zirconium dioxide has been studied in this paper. The average particle size of the silica was 23 nm. The maximum size did not exceed 50 nm. The ultrafine powder of partially stabilized zirconium dioxide 97ZrO₂-3Y₂O₃ (mol%), obtained by decomposition of aqueous solutions of nitric acid salts of zirconium and yttrium in a high-frequency discharge plasma, was used as a starting material. The addition of zirconia to the original powder was carried out by simple mechanical agitation with multiple intermediate sieving through a sieve, the amount being varied in the range of 5-30% by weight. Kinetic shrinkage processes were investigated by dilatometry. It was found that an increase in the amount of the additive leads to a decrease in the density of powder compacts. It is shown that an increase in the amount of SiO₂ additive leads to an increase in the compacting rate of compacts during sintering and a decrease in temperature corresponding to the maximum compaction rate. As the amount of the SiO₂ additive increases, the mechanical properties of the specific ceramics deteriorate. There is a decrease in both the density of the ceramic and its microhardness. The resulting ZrO₂-SiO₂ composite exhibits relatively high mechanical characteristics. It is shown that the addition of a silicon dioxide nanopowder additive results in an increase in the linear dimensions of the samples during thermal sintering at the isothermal aging stage, which is caused by the expansion of gases enclosed in the volume of closed pores.

Keywords: zirconium ceramics; electron-beam evaporation; nanopowder; dilatometry; sintering of ceramics.

[1]. [2- [3; 8-10], [28]. [5-7], [3; 11-14], [15; 16] . 1 [29]. [30]. « -2SL» 1,5. 1 500 / 30 I [17], [18], [19].

2. -1	,	%
14,1	70,9	ZrO ₂ (62 t+38 m)

SiO₂ (99,6 % SiO₂, [20]. [32]. [32], (SiO₂). 10-20 , 50 , 23 . SiO₂ SiO₂ SiO₂ 5, 10 30 .% ([21; 22], [23; 24]. 200 SiO₂ ([25-27]. -). 9 3 140 -10. DIL402C NETZSCH () 1 400 ° , 1 . 10° / SiO₂,

D),

(Shimadzu A UW-220

ZHV1M

Zwick () .
500 ,

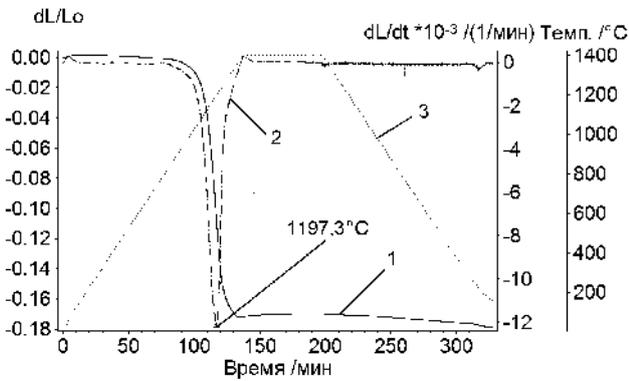
— 10 .
10

SiO₂
[32],

SiO₂

	, / 3	/ 3	, %	H _v ,	, °
	3,130	5,556	1,32	10,2	1 260,2
	2,928	4,757	7,30	10,2	1 223,8
	2,744	4,543	6,95	8,1	1 203,2
	2,120	3,235	5,58	6,8	1 197,3

L/L₀
. 1.



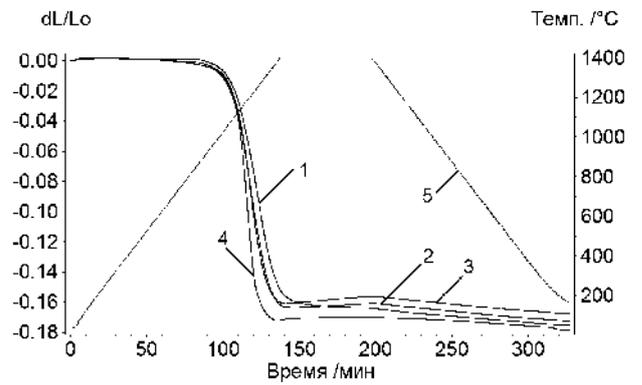
. 1.

1 — ; 2 —
1; 3 —

. 2

. 2
SiO₂
[30; 33].

SiO₂ ()
(,),
SiO₂.



. 2.

; 4 — ; 5 — ; 1 — ; 2 — ; 3 —

SiO₂,

30 %

1) 2,928 2,120 / 3,

SiO₂

2) 4,757 3,235 / 3;
6,8

ZrO₂-SiO₂(70-30%)

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