

Исследование размола волокнистых материалов в ножевых машинах с учетом износа гарнитуры

1a, 2b, 1c
1, 2, 36, 82,
^acbp200558@mail.ru, ^bmapt@sibgtu.ru, ^cvpsivakov@yandex.ru
^a<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7945-8027>, ^b<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1263-6125>,
^c<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8123-8507>
16.05.2018, 28.06.2018

Study of fibrous materials grinding in knife machines taking into account the wear of the headset

S.N. Vikharev^{1a}, Yu.D. Alashkevich^{2b}, V.P. Sivakov^{1c}

¹Ural State Forest Engineering University; 37, Sibirsky Trakt St., Ekaterinburg, Russia

²Siberian State University of Science and Technologies; 82, Mira Ave., Krasnoyarsk, Russia

^acbp200558@mail.ru, ^bmapt@sibgtu.ru, ^cvpsivakov@yandex.ru

^a<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7945-8027>, ^b<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1263-6125>,

^c<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8123-8507>

Received 16.05.2018, ccepted 28.06.2018

Knife grinders are the main technological equipment for grinding fibrous materials in the pulp and paper industry. It is in these machines that the basic properties of paper and cardboard are laid. The article makes an attempt to apply the theory of contact to a grinding set with regard to its wear and tear. As a model of fibrous materials in the liquid friction of the headset, the Kelvin-Voigt model is used. Viscoelastic properties of the material of the headset and the grinded fibrous material have a significant effect on the formation of the surface relief of the headset when worn. The form of wear of the knives of the mill's headset depends on the following complexes: tribotechnical properties of the headset material; relation of relaxation time and the consequences of fibrous interlayer; the ratio of the time of action of the knives of the headset in one period to the time of the consequences of the fibrous interlayer. Based on the results of calculations, a graph of the shape of the surface of the headset is constructed in the steady-state wear mode. The factors affecting the form of wear, the depth and amplitude of the head surface cavities are shown. The theoretically and experimentally confirmed steady-state shape of the worn out surface of the headset is obtained. The coefficient of friction between the rotor and the stator is investigated, the influence of the headset and the properties of the fibrous layer on this coefficient is shown. New designs of grinding machines using rolling friction in the grinding zone are proposed. The designs of these machines are protected by patents of the Russian Federation.

Keywords: mills; fibrous material; knife tackle; knife; pressure; contact; grinding; forces; wear.

[1; 2].

[2-5].

[2; 3; 12-20 [6-11 .].

[21-26].

\vec{V} (. 1).

$f(x, z)$.

l (x', y', z')

$t=0$
 y', x'

(x, y, z)
 \vec{V}

$$f(x, z) = h_0/2 + \sum_{j=1}^n (1-h_0/h_{pj})h_{pj} x_j z_j, z \in (0, r)$$

$$x_j z_j = (x, z - x_j z_j) - [x, z - x_j z_j - (a+b)_j, j]; (x, z)$$

$$j- j- ; (a+b)_j ; h_0 ; n ; r ; h_j$$

$$w(x, z) = + f(x, z), (x, z) \in \Omega ,$$

$$w(x, z) -$$

$$p(x, z) (-a(z), b(z)) :$$

$$p(x, z) = 0, (x, z) \notin \Omega, p(-a(z)) = p(b(z)) = 0. (1)$$

x

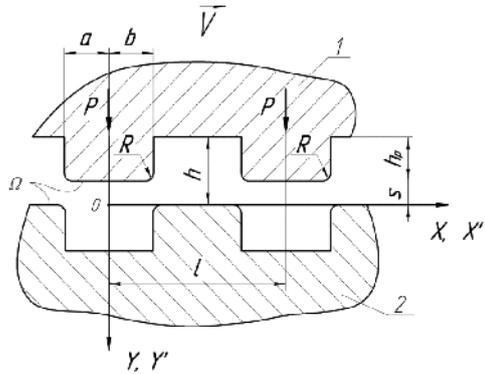
$$w(x, z) = w(x+l, z), p(x, z) = p(x+l, z).$$

$$\iint_{\Omega} p(x, z) dx dz = P,$$

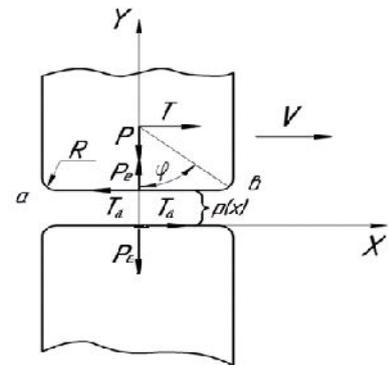
P —

[27].

. 2. T_d, P —



. 1. 2—



. 2.

$(a+b)$

[27]:

$$\hat{P} = 2 \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta \hat{z} \int_{-\hat{a}_j}^{\hat{b}_j} \hat{p}_j(\hat{x}, \hat{z}_j) \cos \varphi(\hat{x}) d\hat{x}$$

$$\hat{T}_d = 2 \sum_{j=1}^N \Delta \hat{z} \int_{-\hat{a}_j}^{\hat{b}_j} \hat{p}_j(\hat{x}, \hat{z}_j) \sin \varphi(\hat{x}) d\hat{x} (2)$$

$$\hat{M} = \iint_{\Omega} \hat{x} \hat{p}(\hat{x}, \hat{z}) d\hat{x} d\hat{z},$$

N —

; $-\hat{a}_j, \hat{b}_j - j$

$\Delta \hat{z}; \hat{p}_j(\hat{x}, \hat{z}_j) -$

; $\hat{x}, \hat{z} -$

$$\mu = \widehat{T}_d / \widehat{P} .$$

$$\gamma_{x'y'} + T_\varepsilon \frac{\partial \gamma_{x'y'}}{\partial t} = \frac{1+\nu}{E} \left(\tau_{x'y'} + T_\sigma \frac{\partial \tau_{x'y'}}{\partial t} \right),$$

[28]: $\frac{\partial \omega(x,t)}{\partial t} = K_\omega(x) \left(\frac{p(x,t)}{\tilde{p}} \right)^\alpha$, (3) $\frac{T_\varepsilon E}{T_\sigma} \dots$; $\frac{1}{T_\varepsilon} \dots$; $T_\varepsilon \triangleright T_\sigma$.

$K_\omega(x) - \dots$; $\omega(x,t) - \dots$; $\varepsilon'_{ij} + T_\varepsilon \frac{\partial \varepsilon'_{ij}}{\partial t} = \varepsilon_{ij} - T_\varepsilon V \frac{\partial \varepsilon_{ij}}{\partial x} = \varepsilon_{ij}^*$, $\sigma'_{ij} + T_\sigma \frac{\partial \sigma'_{ij}}{\partial t} = \sigma_{ij} - T_\sigma V \frac{\partial \sigma_{ij}}{\partial x} = \sigma_{ij}^*$, $u_j - T_\varepsilon V \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x} = u_i^*$, $p(x) - T_\delta V \frac{\partial p(x)}{\partial x} = p^*(x)$.

$u_y(x,t) + \omega(x,t) = D(t)$, (4) $u_y(x,t) - \dots$; $D(t) - \dots$; $l \dots$ $y = 0 - \dots$; $P(t) = \int_0^l p(x,t) dx$, (5) $l \dots$; $u_y^*(x) = A[p^*(x)]$, (7) $[p^*(x)] : \dots$ (3)-(5), (7) -

$(\cdot, 0) = (0)/l \quad x \in (-\infty, +\infty)$.

$f(x, t) = \dots$ $\frac{\partial \omega(x,t)}{\partial t} = D_\infty$, (8) $p_\infty(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} p(x,t)$, (9) $f(x, 0) = 0$. (3) $t \rightarrow \infty$. [29; 30]. (8) (9) $V, \dots D$ $t \rightarrow \infty$

[22]: $\varepsilon_{x'} + T_\varepsilon \frac{\partial \varepsilon_{x'}}{\partial t} = \frac{1-\nu^2}{E} \left(\sigma_{x'} + T_\sigma \frac{\partial \sigma_{x'}}{\partial t} \right) - \frac{\nu(1+\nu)}{E} \left(\sigma_{y'} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{y'}}{\partial t} T_\sigma \right)$, $u_y^\infty(x) = \dots$ $\varepsilon_{y'} + T_\varepsilon \frac{\partial \varepsilon_{y'}}{\partial t} = \frac{1-\nu^2}{E} \left(\sigma_{y'} + T_\sigma \frac{\partial \sigma_{y'}}{\partial t} \right) - \frac{\nu(1+\nu)}{E} \left(\sigma_{x'} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{x'}}{\partial t} T_\sigma \right)$ (6) (3)-(5), (7). [23] $A[p(x)]$

(13)

$t \rightarrow \infty$, (17):

$u_y^\infty(x)$,

$$u_y^\infty(x) - T_\varepsilon V \frac{\partial u_y^\infty(x)}{\partial x} = A \left[p_\infty(x) - T_\sigma V \frac{\partial p_\infty(x)}{\partial x} \right]. \quad (10)$$

$$\varphi(x) = A[p_\infty(x)] = \int_0^l K(\xi - x) p_\infty(\xi) d\xi. \quad (11)$$

$$A[p_\infty(x)] = \int_0^l K(\xi - x) p_\infty(\xi) d\xi. \quad (12)$$

$$u_y^\infty(x) = \frac{1}{T_\varepsilon V \left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \int_0^l \left[\varphi(x + \chi) - T_\sigma V \frac{\partial \varphi(x + \chi)}{\partial x} \right] e^{\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\chi. \quad (13)$$

$$\int_0^l \frac{\partial \varphi(x + \chi)}{\partial \chi} e^{\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\chi = \left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right) \varphi(x) + \frac{1}{T_\varepsilon V} \int_0^l \varphi(x + \chi) e^{\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\chi. \quad (14)$$

$$u_y^\infty(x) = \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \varphi(x) + \frac{e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}}}{T_\varepsilon V \left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \left(1 - \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \right) \int_0^l \varphi(x + \chi) e^{\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\chi. \quad (15)$$

$$\varphi(x + l) = \varphi(x), \quad (16):$$

$$u_y^\infty(x) = \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \varphi(x) - \frac{e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}}}{\left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \left(1 - \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \right) \times \left[\varphi(x + l) e^{-\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - \varphi(x) - \int_0^l e^{-\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} \frac{\partial \varphi(x + \chi)}{\partial \chi} d\chi \right] = \varphi(x) + \frac{e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}}}{\left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \left(1 - \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \right) \int_0^l e^{-\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} \frac{\partial \varphi(x + \chi)}{\partial \chi} d\chi. \quad (16)$$

$$u_y^\infty(x) = \varphi(x) + \frac{1}{\left(e^{\frac{l}{T_\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \left(1 - \frac{T_\sigma}{T_\varepsilon} \right) \times \int_0^l K(\xi - (x - \chi)) \frac{\partial p_\infty(\xi)}{\partial \xi} e^{-\frac{\chi}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\xi d\chi. \quad (17)$$

$$\varphi(x) = \int_0^l K_\omega(x) p_\infty(x) dx. \quad (17)$$

$$K_\omega(x) = \begin{cases} K_{\omega 1}, & x \in [nl, a + nl] \\ K_{\omega 2}, & x \notin [nl, a + nl] \end{cases} \quad (18)$$

$$K_\omega(x) = \begin{cases} K_{\omega 1}, & x \in [nl, a + nl] \\ K_{\omega 2}, & x \notin [nl, a + nl] \end{cases} \quad (18)$$

$K_{\omega 1} > K_{\omega 2}$ — $[nl + a, (n + 1)l]$,

$(K_{\omega 1} > K_{\omega 2})$. $t \rightarrow \infty$, (8) (18) (3):

$$p_\infty(x) = \begin{cases} p_1 = \tilde{p} \left(\frac{D_\infty}{K_{\omega 1}} \right)^{1/\alpha}, & x \in [nl, a + nl] \\ p_2 = \tilde{p} \left(\frac{D_\infty}{K_{\omega 2}} \right)^{1/\alpha}, & x \notin [nl, a + nl] \end{cases} \quad (19)$$

и ж ξ в (17):

$$\int_0^l \frac{p(\zeta)}{K(\zeta - (x + \dots))} e^{-\frac{\zeta}{T_\varepsilon V}} d\zeta = e^{-\frac{x}{T_\varepsilon V}} \left\{ (a - (x + \dots)) (p_2 - p_1) + ((l - \dots)) (p_2 - p_1) \right\} = p e^{-\frac{x}{T_\varepsilon V}} [(a - (x + \dots)) - ((x + \dots))] \quad (20)$$

$$p = p_2 - p_1.$$

$K(\xi - x)$ [26]:

$$K(\xi - x) = -\frac{2(1-\nu^2)}{\pi E} \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{\pi(\xi - x)}{l} \right|. \quad (17), \quad (11), (19)-(21):$$

$$u_y^\infty(x) = -\frac{2(1-\nu^2)}{E} \left\{ \int_0^a p_1 \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\xi - x)}{l} \right| d\xi + \int_a^l p_2 \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\xi - x)}{l} \right| d\xi + \frac{e^{\frac{l}{T\varepsilon V}}}{\left(e^{\frac{l}{T\varepsilon V}} - 1 \right)} \right. \quad (22)$$

$$\left. \cdot \left(1 - \frac{T\sigma}{T\varepsilon} \right) \Delta p \int_0^l e^{-\frac{\chi}{T\varepsilon V}} \left[\ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(a - (x + \chi))}{l} \right| - \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{-(x + \chi)}{l} \right| \right] d\chi \right\}. \quad (18)$$

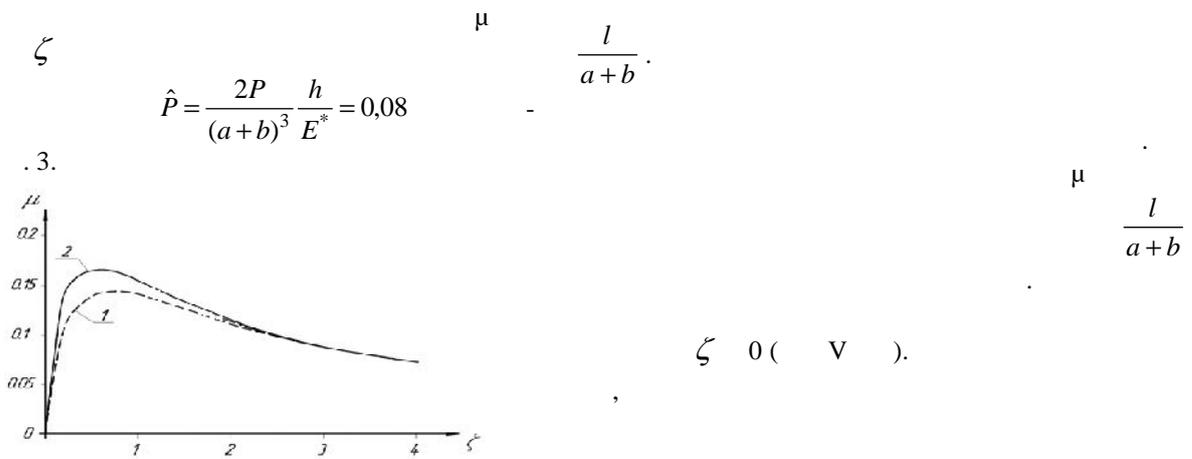
$t \rightarrow \infty$: $f(x) = u_y^\infty(x)$. (23)

$$p_1 = \frac{p_\infty m^{1/\alpha}}{(1 - \hat{a} m_1) l'} \quad p_2 = \frac{p_\infty}{(1 - \hat{a} m_1) l'} \quad (25)$$

$$\hat{x} = \frac{x}{l}, \quad \hat{\chi} = \frac{\chi}{l}, \quad \hat{\xi} = \frac{\xi}{l}, \quad \hat{a} = \frac{a}{l}, \quad m = \frac{K_{\omega 2}}{K_{\omega 1}}, \quad \zeta = \frac{l}{T\varepsilon V}, \quad \gamma = \frac{T\sigma}{T\varepsilon}. \quad (24)$$

$$f(\hat{x}) = -\left[\frac{E}{2(1-\nu^2)P} \left\{ \frac{m^{1/a} \hat{a}}{(1 - \hat{a} m_1) l} \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\hat{\xi} - \hat{x})}{l} \right| d\hat{\xi} + \frac{1}{(1 - \hat{a} m_1) \hat{a}} \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\hat{\xi} - \hat{x})}{l} \right| d\hat{\xi} + \frac{e^\zeta}{(e^\zeta - 1)} \right. \right. \quad (26)$$

$$\left. \cdot \left(1 - \frac{m}{(1 - \hat{a} m_1) l} \right) e^{-\zeta \hat{\chi}} \left[\ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\hat{a} - (\hat{x} + \hat{\chi}))}{l} \right| - \ln 2 \left| \sin \frac{(\hat{x} + \hat{\chi})}{l} \right| \right] d\hat{\chi} \right\}$$



3. μ ζ : 1 — $\frac{l}{a+b} = 2$; 2 — $\frac{l}{a+b} = 6$

$$\frac{l}{a+b} = 6$$

[31; 32].

: \hat{a}, m —
; —

$$T_{\sigma} \quad T_{\delta}$$

$$; \zeta = \left(\frac{l}{V}\right) / T_{\delta} \text{ —}$$

T_{δ}

[33; 34].
(26).

(. 4).

$$10^{-2} < \zeta < 10^2 .$$

ζ

ζ

).

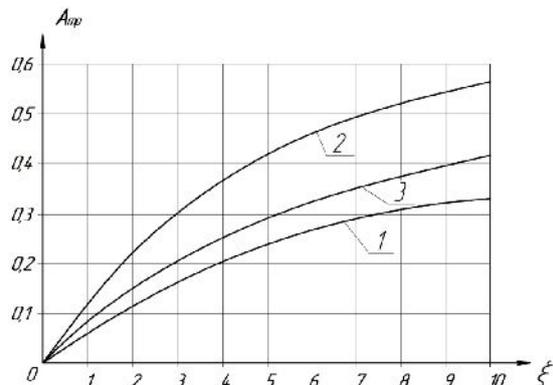
$$\frac{f_{\infty}(\hat{x})}{\hat{x}} \frac{2E}{2(1-v^2)P} = \frac{m_1}{(1-\hat{a}m_1)} \left[\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin n \hat{a} \sin n(\hat{a}-2\hat{x}) + e^{-(1-\hat{a})} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(\hat{a}-(\hat{x}+1))}{\sin(\hat{x}+1)} \right| - \ln \left| \frac{\sin(\hat{a}-\hat{x})}{\sin \hat{x}} \right| + \frac{e^{-\hat{a}}}{0} \ln \left| \frac{\sin(\hat{a}-(\hat{x}+1))}{\sin(\hat{x}+1)} \right| \right]$$

$A_{mp} \quad f_{\infty}(x)$

5

$f_{\infty}(x) \quad \zeta$

\hat{a}



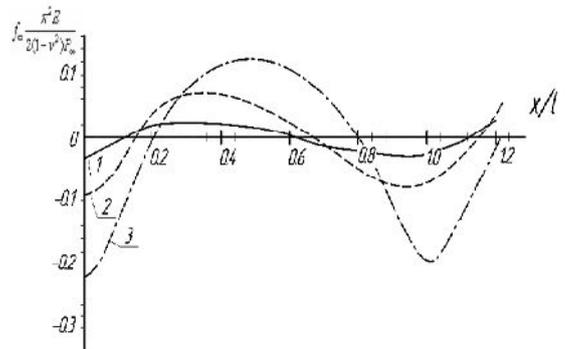
5.

ζ

$$m_1 = 0,3, \gamma = 10^{-3} : 1 - \hat{a} = 0,2; \quad 2 - \hat{a} = 0,5; \quad 3 - \hat{a} = 0,8$$

$f_{\infty}(x)$

$$\frac{\partial f_{\infty}(\hat{x})}{\partial \hat{x}} \frac{\pi^2 E}{2(1-v^2)P_{\infty}} = 0 .$$



4.

$$m_1 = 0,3, \quad \hat{a} = 0,2, \quad \gamma = 10^{-3} : 1 - \zeta = 1;$$

$$2, \zeta = 3; \quad 3 - \zeta = 10$$

$f_{\infty}(\hat{x})$

:

A_{mp}

$10^{-3} l/T$

$10^3 l/T$

$V=l/T$

1.

, 2002. 440 .

2.

, 2006. 696 .

3.

, 1991. 216 .

4. Gorski D., Hill J., Engstrand P., Johansson L. Reduction of energy consumption in TMP refining through mechanical pretreatment of wood chips // Nord. Pulp Pap. Res. J. 2010. Vol. 25 (2). P.156-161.

5. Fernando D., Muhic D., Engstrand P., Daniel G. Fundamental understanding of pulp property development under different thermomechanical pulp refining conditions as observed by a new method and SEM observation of the ultra structure of fibre surfaces // *Holzforschung*. 2011. Vol. 65 (6). P.777-786.
6. ... , 1986.
7. Kang T., Somboon P., Paulapuro H. Fibrillation of mechanical pulp fibers // *Pap. Puu* 2006. Vol. 88 (7). P. 409-411.
8. Daniel G., Bardage S., Fernando D., Hafren J., Ander P. Energy consumption in refining of Scots pine and Norway spruce TMP is governed by fibre morphology and ultra structure// *Proceedings of the Int. Mech. Pulp. Conf. Sundsvall, Sweden, June 1-4. 2009. P. 82-86.*
9. Konrad O. The effect of refining intensity on the water retention value // *Ann. Warsaw Agr. Univ. Forest. and Wood Technol.* 2006. Vol. 59. P. 132-136.
10. Luukkonen A., Olson J., Martinez D. Low Consistency Refining of Mechanical Pulp, Effect of Gap, Speed and Power// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2010. Vol. 36. P. 28-34.
11. Suopajavi T. Fragment analysis of different size-reduced lignocelluloses pulps by hydrodynamic fractionation// *Cellulose*. 2012. Vol. 19 (1). P. 237-248.
12. Olender D., Wild P. Forces on Bars in High-Consistency Mill-Scale Refiners. *Trends in Primary and Rejects Stage Refiners*// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2007. Vol. 33 (3). P. 163-171.
13. ... , 1990. 224 .
14. ... , 2016. 145 .
15. ... , 2009. 1. . 167-172.
16. Senger J., Olmstead M., Ouellet D. Measurement of Shear and Normal Forces in the Refining Zone of a TMP Refiner // *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2004. Vol.30 (9). P. 247-251.
17. ... , 2015. 161 .
18. ... , 1990. 31 .
19. Prairie B., Wild P. Forces during bar-passing events in low consistency refining. Distributions and relationships to specific edge load in press// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2008. Vol. 33. P. 11-16.
20. ... , 2010. 1. 168 .
21. ... , 1989. 509 .
22. ... // - . 1973. .37, 5. . 877-885.
23. ... // . 1987. 6. . 62-68.
24. ... , 1949. 270 .
25. ... // - . 2015. .22. 1. . 22-29.
26. XI . 2016. . 6-8.
27. ... // . 2013. 3. . 133-138.
28. ... // - . 1973(37). 5. . 877-885.
29. ... // - . 2014. 2. . 116-122.
30. ... // - . 1979. 4. . 61-66.
31. ... : . 108042 .
- 10.09.11, . 25. 4 .
32. ... : . 108042 . 27.11.13, . 33. 4 .
33. Diagnosing Refiner Plate Failure Modes in Thermo-Mechanica, *Pulpmg// J&L Fiber Services. OPTIMA. Technical Bulletin.* 2003. 1-2. 4 p.
34. ... : . 1972. 23 .

References

1. Komarov V.I. Mosquitoes and destruction of pulp and paper materials. Arhangel'sk: Izd-vo Arhan. gos. tekhn. un-ta, 2002. 440 p.
2. Ivanov S.N. Technology of a paper. M.: Lesnaya promyshlennost', 2006. 696 p.
3. Byvshev A.V., Savickij E.E. Mechanical dispersion of fibrous materials. Krasnoyarsk: Izd-vo Kras. un-ta, 1991. 216 p.
4. Gorski, D., Hill J., Engstrand, P., Johansson, L. Reduction of energy consumption in TMP refining through mechanical pretreatment of wood chips // *Nord. Pulp Pap. Res. J.* 2010. Vol. 25 (2). P.156-161.
5. Fernando D., Muhic D., Engstrand P., Daniel G. Fundamental understanding of pulp property development under different thermomechanical pulp refining conditions as observed by a new method and SEM observation of the ultra structure of fibre surfaces // *Holzforschung*. 2011. Vol.65 (6). P. 777-786.
6. Alashkevich Yu.D. Basic of the theory of hydrodynamic processing of fibrous materials in mill machines. ... d-ra tekhn. nauk. Krasnoyarsk, 1986.
7. Kang T., Somboon P., Paulapuro H. Fibrillation of mechanical pulp fibers // *Pap. Puu* 2006. Vol. 88 (7). P. 409-411.
8. Daniel G., Bardage S., Fernando D., Hafren J., Ander P. Energy consumption in refining of Scots pine and Norway spruce TMP is governed by fibre morphology and ultra structure// *Proceedings of the Int. Mech. Pulp. Conf. Sundsvall, Sweden, June 1-4. 2009. P. 82-86.*
9. Konrad O. The effect of refining intensity on the water retention value // *Ann. Warsaw Agr. Univ. Forest. and Wood Technol.* 2006. Vol. 59. P. 132-136.

10. Luukkonen A., Olson J., Martinez D. Low Consistency Refining of Mechanical Pulp, Effect of Gap, Speed and Power// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2010. Vol. 36. P. 28-34.
11. Suopajavi T. Fragment analysis of different size-reduced lignocelluloses pulps by hydrodynamic fractionation// *Cellulose*. 2012. Vol. 19 (1). P. 237-248.
12. Olender D., Wild P. Forces on Bars in High-Consistency Mill-Scale Refiners. Trends in Primary and Rejects Stage Refiners// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2007. Vol. 33 (3). P. 163-171.
13. Legockij S.S., Goncharov V.I. Grinding equipment and preparation of paper pulp. M.: Lesnaya promyshlennost', 1990. 224p.
14. Alashkevich, Yu.D., Pahar' D.V., Kovalev V.I. Analyses of power influence on a fiber at mill in disk refiner with knives of the curvilinear form // *Khimija Rastitel'nogo Syr'ja* (Chemistry of plant raw material). 2009. 1. P. 167-172.
15. Shurkina V.I. Perfection knife mill fibrous vegetative polymers in pulp-and-paper manufacture: dis. ... kand. tekhn. nauk. Krasnoyarsk, 2016. 145p.
16. Senger J., Olmstead M., Ouellet D. Measurement of Shear and Normal Forces in the Refining Zone of a TMP Refiner// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2004. Vol. 30 (9). P. 247-251.
17. Kozuhov V.A. Grinding of fibrous semi-finished products in disk refiner machines at shock influence on a fiber: dis. ... kand. tekhn. nauk. Krasnoyarsk, 2015. 161 p.
18. Goncharov V.N. Theoretical potters of a fundamentals of a milling of fibrous materials in knife mills: avtoref. dis. ... d-ra tekhn. nauk. L., 1990. 31 p.
19. Prairie B., Wild P. Forces during bar-passing events in low consistency refining. Distributions and relationships to specific edge load in press// *J. Pulp Paper Sci.* 2008. Vol. 33. P. 11-16.
20. Alashkevich Yu.D., Kovalev V.I., Nabieva A.A. Influence of figure sets on process mill fibrous semi finished items: monogr. v 2 ch. Krasnoyarsk: SibGTU, 2010. Ch. 1. 168 p.
21. Dzhonson K. Mechanic of contact interaction. M.: Mir, 1989. 509 p.
22. Goryacheva I.G. Contact a problem roll the viscoelastic cylinder on the basis from the same material // *Journal of Applied Mathematics and Mechanics*. 1973. T.37, 5. P. 877-885.
23. Goryacheva I.G. Contact a problem of the theory of elasticity for system of worn stamps // *Izv. AN SSSR*. 1987. 6. P. 62-68.
24. Shtaerman I.Ya. Contact a problem of the theory of elasticity. M.: Gosteoretizdat, 1949. 270 p.
25. Voronin N.A. Mechanics of contact interaction of rigid sphere with elastic-plastic composite material // *Materials Physics and Mechanics*. 2015. T. 22. 1. P. 22-29.
26. Trudy XI mezhdunar. nauchn.-tekhn. konf./ Institut komp'yuternyh issledovaniy. 2016. P. 6-8.
27. Viharev S.N. Contact interaction sets of mills with a fibrous semi finished item // *Forest Journal*. 2013. 3. P. 133-138.
28. Goryacheva I.G. Contact a problem roll the viscoelastic cylinder on the basis from the same material // *Journal of Applied Mathematics and Mechanics*. 1973 (37). 5. P. 877-885.
29. Viharev S.N., Dushinina S.A. Model of a fibrous layer at mill in disk refiner // *Forest Journal*. 2014. 2. P. 116-122.
30. Eryhov B.P., Lipcev V.N., Chibirev V.E. Research of viscoelastic properties of wood with reference to mill chip // *Forest Journal*. 1979. 4. P. 61-66.
31. Viharev S.N., Agarkov M.S. Refiner for mill fibrous materials: pat. 108042 Ros. Federaciya, Opubl. 10.09.11, Byul. 25. 4p.
32. Viharev S.N., Mikushina V.N. A disk mill: pat. 108042 Ros. Federaciya. Opubl. 27.11.13, Byul. 33. 4 p.
33. Diagnosing Refiner Plate Failure Modes in Thermo-Mcchanica, Pulpmg// *J&L Fiber Services. OPTIMA. Technical Bulletin*. 2003. 1-2. 4 p.
34. Demin P.P., Pashinskij V.F., Kiselev S.S. Stability sets of disk mills. M.: VNIPIEHIlesprom, 1972. 23 p.