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## Декомпозиция передаточной функции в цепную дробь для заданных параметров

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## Decomposition of the transfer function into a continued fraction for specified parameters

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The manufacturing process can be described by a mathematical model. Production parameters can be represented in the form of transfer functions. The obtained time constants can have large values, which indicates a slow production process. In this case time constant for a link of  $W_1(S)$  is equal to 24 472,22 hours, for  $W_2(S)$  44 313,72 hours respectively. Management of such process causes great difficulties. To control the production process, it is necessary that the time constants are within the permissible limits T = 1 h. In the considered article the method of decomposition of transfer function with big time constants for two components is offered: transfer function with necessary constants of time (T = 1) and the remained transfer function. Decomposition of initial transfer function has been realized for three types of connections: consecutive, parallel and connections of links with feedback. Using this method, a structured scheme equivalent to the original one is constructed, a time constant is obtained within the permissible limits, and the unstable link is transformed into a stable one by connecting the links with feedback. The verification and modeling of the initial and received system have been made.

Key words: time constant; transfer function; structural scheme; continued fraction.

$$3.445 \cdot 10^6 \cdot S + 0.039 = 0.$$

 $W_2(S) = \frac{1}{7.976 \cdot 10^7 \cdot S - 4.869}.$ 

 $7.976 \cdot 10^7 \cdot S - 4.869 = 0.$ 

 $W_2(S)$ :

$$W(S) = \frac{1.294 \cdot 10^{15} \cdot S^2 - 6.434 \cdot 10^7 \cdot S + 3.813}{7.450 \cdot 10^{15} \cdot S^2 + 5.577 \cdot 10^6 \cdot S - 1}.$$
 (1)

:

$$W(S) = \frac{1}{5.754 + \frac{1}{3.445 \cdot 10^{6} \cdot S + 0.039 + \frac{1}{7.976 \cdot 10^{7} \cdot S - 4.869}} . (2)$$









$$W_2(S)$$
 . 3.



 $W_1(S) = \frac{W_2(S):}{3.445 \cdot 10^6 \cdot S + 0.039}.$ 

:  

$$3.445 \cdot 10^{6} \cdot S + 0.039 = 0$$

$$S_{1} = \frac{-0.039}{3.445 \cdot 10^{6}} = -1.135 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

$$T_{1} = -\frac{1}{S} = \frac{-1}{-1.135 \cdot 10^{-8}} = 8.803 \cdot 10^{7} = 24.454,35$$

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3:  

$$W_{2}(S) = \frac{1}{7.976 \cdot 10^{7} \cdot S + 0.5} \cdot .$$

$$:$$

$$7.976 \cdot 10^{7} \cdot S + 0.5 = 0$$

$$S_{2} = \frac{-0.5}{7.976 \cdot 10^{7}} = 6.268 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$T_{2} = -\frac{1}{S} = \frac{-1}{6.268 \cdot 10^{-9}} = 1.595 \cdot 10^{8}$$
44 313,72

•

,

:

$$\sum W = \frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1} \cdot \frac{k_2}{T_2 S + 1} = \frac{k_1 \cdot k_2}{T_1 T_2 S^2 + (T_1 + T_2) S + 1} . (6)$$

$$: W_1 = \frac{k_1}{TS + 1} .$$

$$:$$

$$W_2 = \frac{\sum W}{W_1} = \frac{\frac{1}{TS + 1}}{\frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1}} = \frac{1}{TS + 1} \cdot \frac{T_1 S + 1}{k_1} = \frac{T_1 S + 1}{(TS + 1)k_1} ;$$

$$W_2 = \frac{T_1 S + 1}{(TS + 1)k_1} .$$

$$:$$

$$\sum W = \frac{k_1}{TS + 1} \cdot \frac{T_1 S + 1}{(TS + 1)k_1} = \frac{1}{TS + 1} .$$

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{1.8 \cdot 10^3 \cdot S + 1} ,$$

$$W_2 = \frac{V_1 (S)}{W_1 (S)} .$$

$$W_1 (S) :$$

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{1.8 \cdot 10^3 \cdot S + 1} .$$

$$W_2 = \frac{\sum W}{W_1} = \frac{1.0 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 11^{-5}}{3.445 \cdot 10^6 \cdot S + 0.039}.$$
$$W_2(S):$$
$$W_2 = \frac{\sum W}{W_2} = \frac{1.8 \cdot 10^3 \cdot S + 1}{7.076 \cdot 10^7 \cdot S + 0.5}.$$

$$w_1 = 7.976 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 5 + 0.5^{-5}$$
  
Simulink ( . . 5, 6)









(6):  

$$\sum W = W_1 W_2;$$

30

(1 800).

[11–15].

$$\sum W = \frac{1}{TS+1} \,; \tag{5}$$





$$\sum W = W_1 + W_2; \tag{7}$$

$$\sum W = \frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1} + \frac{k_2}{T_2 S + 1} = \frac{k_1 \cdot (T_2 S + 1) + k_2 \cdot (T_1 S + 1)}{(T_1 S + 1) \cdot (T_2 S + 1)}.$$
(8)  
:  $W_1 = \frac{k_1}{TS + 1}.$   
:







( . 14)



. 14.

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$$\sum W = \frac{W_1}{1 - W_1 W_2} \,; \tag{9}$$

$$\sum W = \frac{\frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1}}{1 - \frac{k_1 \cdot k_2}{T_1 T_2 S^2 + (T_1 + T_2) S + 1}} .$$
(10)  
:  $W_1 = \frac{k_1}{TS + 1} .$   
:

$$\begin{split} W_1 &= \sum W - \sum W W_1 W_2; \\ \sum W - W_1 &= W_1 W_2 \sum W; \\ W_2 &= \frac{\sum W - W_1}{W_1 \sum W}; \end{split}$$

$$W_{2} = \frac{\frac{1}{TS+1} - \frac{k_{1}}{T_{1}S+1}}{\frac{k_{1}}{T_{1}S+1} \cdot \frac{1}{TS+1}} = \frac{(T_{1}S+1) - k_{1}(TS+1)}{k_{1}}$$

:

$$\sum W = \frac{\frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1}}{1 - \frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1} \left(\frac{(TS + 1) - k_1(TS + 1)}{k_1}\right)} = \frac{\frac{k_1}{T_1 S + 1}}{\frac{(T_1 S + 1) - (T_1 S + 1) - k(TS + 1)}{(T_1 S + 1)}} = -\frac{1}{TS + 1}$$

$$W_2 \qquad W_1(S) \quad W_2(S) .$$

$$W_1(S) :$$







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