

О качестве алюминия-сырца для производства алюминиевой катанки

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About the quality of raw aluminum for the production of aluminum wire rod

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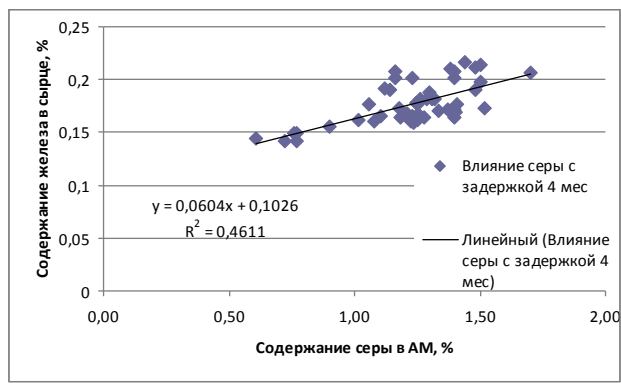
In recent years, the development of aluminum plants has been aimed at the increase in the volume of products with added value - alloys and aluminum rod. For the successful production of aluminum, it is necessary that the iron content of the electrolytic aluminum in order to ensure quality distribution is at least 0.01% lower than that required by consumers. With a more substantial increase in the average weighted iron content in raw aluminum under the existing technological conditions, with the same nomenclature of marketable products, in the foundry there is an accumulation of medium and lower grades of metal because of the impossibility of maintaining the necessary iron content in the commodity metal. Moreover, it is difficult to ensure the quality of products. It is economically and technologically impractical. The article presents the results of regression analysis, within the framework of which the dependence of the iron content in the produced raw aluminum on the sulfur content in the anode mass is determined. An analytical review of experiments aimed at reducing corrosion of the main technological equipment has been carried out. The technique for planning the quality of raw aluminum has been developed. Practical recommendations for its use have been given.

Key words: aluminum rod; quality of aluminum; content of iron in aluminum; quality control; electrolysis of aluminum.

2005–2006

[1–11]. NBC — , %; N — ; 18 040 — , — , — [12, 13]. , %Fe; 0,19 — , %; 112/160 — ; Fe₂ 3 Al₂O₃ — (qAl₂O₃ —), %; , / ; Fe AM — , %; qAM — , / ; 0,1 — ; 1 — ; 0,01 — , %; 0,0604 — (, %; 0,0506 — ; N — [14–18].

(1).



. 1.

(1) , 0,1 % 0,006 %. FeS, S. « »

(1):

$$NBC = 100 * (N + (18\ 040 * (0,19 - 112/160 * Fe_2\ 3\ Al_2O_3 * qAl_2O_3 - Fe\ AM * qAM - 0,1/ 1 - 0,01 - 0,0604 * CSAM - 0,0506))) / N \quad (1)$$

800 ° 3- [19].

3

-200 (0,2).

« ».

[19].

(Al₂O₃).

1980-

(,)

(,)

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()

(.1).

I

([19])

[19].

	, %		
	S	S	S
	15,8	0,2	15,6
	16,6	0,4	16,2

[20, 21]:

(.2).

2

[22]

Alcoa, Kaiser Aluminium, Martin Marietta Aluminium, Comalco

	, %			
	F	S	S	S
	-	15,8	0,2	15,6
	20,6	14,0	14,0	-
	3,5	8,7	8,7	-

[23].

150

2

FeS.
SO₂

SO₂
Fe₂O₃,

325 °

2:

$$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{SO}_2 + 3/2 \text{O}_2 = \text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3. \quad (2)$$

10-10 200 ° ,
SO₂ SO₂

SO₂,

430 °

Fe₂(SO₄)₃
O₂ SO₂.

2 SO₂ Fe₂O₃,

Fe + 1/2 O₂ = FeO;
Fe + SO₂ = FeS + O₂;
Fe + 2SO₂ = FeS₂ + 2O₂.

FeO 40
Fe₂O₃,

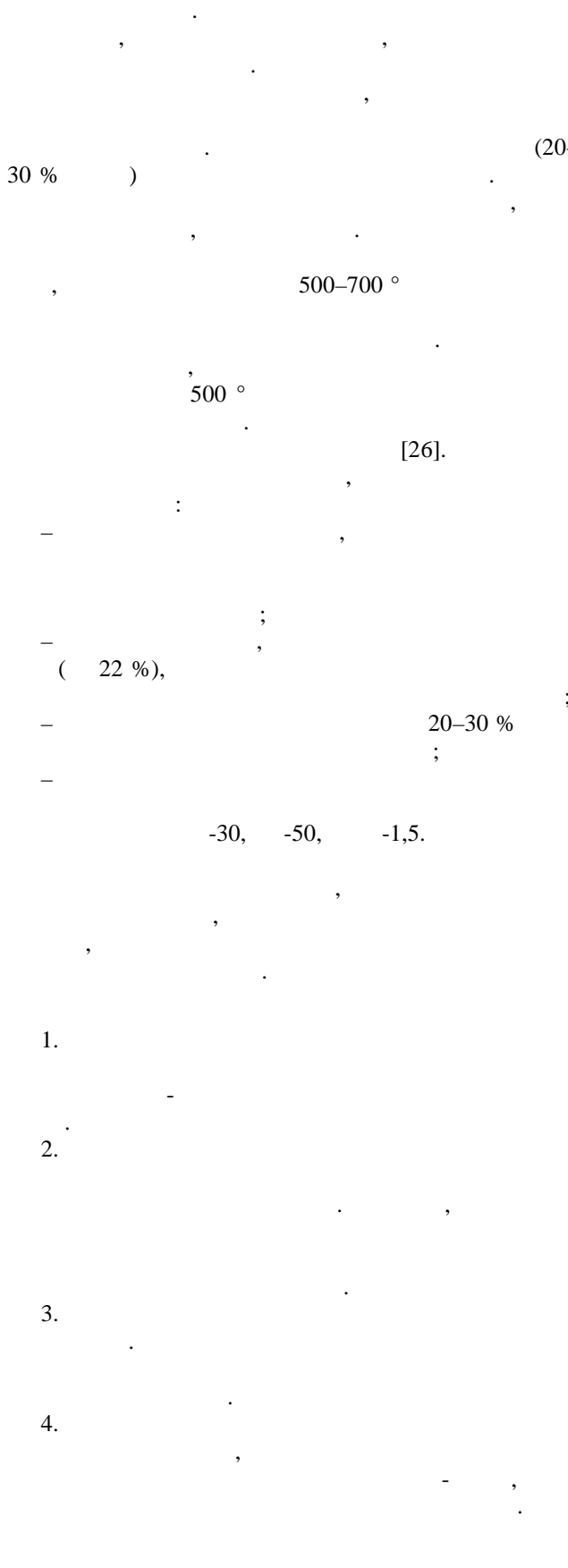
[26].

100-300 / 3.

500 ° ,

Me₃O₄.

800 ° [24; 25].



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К построению и реализации оптимальных планов проведения проверок средств измерений с помощью рабочих эталонов

[The main body of the article text is extremely faint and largely illegible in this scan. It appears to contain the abstract and the beginning of the introduction, but the specific content cannot be accurately transcribed.]

To the construction and implementation of optimal plans for verification of measuring instruments with the help of working standards

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A scientific-methodical approach is proposed for the construction and implementation of optimal plans for conducting tests of exemplary measuring instruments used to complete technical systems for special purposes. The basis of the approach is a mathematical model of metrological maintenance of measuring instruments in the process of exploitation, a method for constructing an optimal plan of checks and a method for constructing a sequence of inspections of measuring instruments. The mathematical model of metrological service is represented in the form of a standard integer linear programming problem with constraints in the form of equalities and inequalities. In this case, the means of measurement are combined into complexes of measuring instruments on a territorial basis. Using the decomposition principle, the indicated problem is represented as a set of several linear programming problems of smaller dimension. The number of linear programming tasks is equal to the number of complexes. In this paper, sufficient conditions for the integer-valuedness of the optimal solution of the linear programming problem are formulated. When these sufficient conditions are met, it is recommended to use the standard simplex method, which is significantly less labor-intensive in comparison with methods for solving integer-valued problems. After solving the totality of linear programming problems, a lower estimate for the expended resource (service time of all control system complexes) is constructed. After the construction of the optimal plan, a sequence of application of working standards for verification of the complexes of measuring instruments is built, and the time of finding at least one measuring instrument

is evaluated. During this time, the technical system as a whole, which includes the verified means of measurement, becomes inoperative and can not be used for its intended purpose. To build a sequence of application of working standards for verification of measuring instruments, standard algorithms and software solutions for combinatorial problems and discrete optimization problems are used. The results of solving the model problem of constructing optimal verification plans are presented.

Key words: planning of verification of measuring instruments; linear programming problem; work measurement standards.

— (), [1–8].
 , ,
 (. 1),
 « » (), [1–3].
 , [4–10].



. 1.

[12, 13],
 () (),

$$V_r^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ \dots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m = 1, 2, \dots, M, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, J. \quad (2)$$

$$S_j^* = \begin{pmatrix} s_{j1}^* \\ s_{j2}^* \\ \dots \\ s_{jM}^* \end{pmatrix}, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, J.$$

$$TEX = T \otimes X.$$

$$S_j^* = \begin{pmatrix} s_{j1}^* & s_{21}^* & \dots & s_{J1}^* \\ s_{j12}^* & s_{22}^* & \dots & s_{J2}^* \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ s_{j1M}^* & s_{2M}^* & \dots & s_{JM}^* \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$t_{rj} \quad ($$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & \dots & t_{1J} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & \dots & t_{2J} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ t_{R1} & t_{R2} & \dots & t_{RJ} \end{pmatrix}.$$

[14, 20].

NP — () [14, 20].

: x_{rj} —

j

, [21, 22].

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & \dots & x_{1J} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & \dots & x_{2J} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ x_{R1} & x_{R2} & \dots & x_{RJ} \end{pmatrix}.$$

[14, 22].

: $R = 4, M = 4, J = 3.$

$$V_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad V_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad V_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad V_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$L(X, T) = \sum_{j=1}^J x_{rj} t_{rj} \rightarrow \min \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{r=1}^R x_{rm} v_{rj}^* \geq s_{jm}^*,$$

$$S_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S_{13} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S_{14} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$S_{21} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, S_{22} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, S_{23} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$S_{31} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, S_{32} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, S_{33} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$S_{34} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, S_{35} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, S_{36} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$S_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, S_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, S_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

S_1, S_2, S_3

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, Z = T \otimes S = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 3 \\ 6 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 9 & 8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

1.

(

2.

3.

$$L_1 = 6x_{11} + 6x_{21} + 3x_{31} + 2x_{22} + 2x_{32} + 9x_{42} + 3x_{13} + 2x_{23} + 4x_{33} + 8x_{43} \rightarrow \min$$

$$\begin{cases} x_{11} + x_{31} + x_{41} \geq 3 \\ x_{11} + x_{21} \geq 2 \\ x_{31} \geq 1 \\ x_{21} + x_{41} \geq 0 \end{cases}, \begin{cases} x_{12} + x_{32} + x_{42} \geq 0 \\ x_{12} + x_{22} \geq 1 \\ x_{32} \geq 1 \\ x_{22} + x_{42} \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_{13} + x_{33} + x_{43} \geq 3 \\ x_{13} + x_{23} \geq 1 \\ x_{33} \geq 4 \\ x_{23} + x_{43} \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

1.

$$\begin{cases} L_1 = 6x_{11} + 6x_{21} + 3x_{31} \rightarrow \min \\ x_{11} + x_{31} + x_{41} \geq 3 \\ x_{11} + x_{21} \geq 2 \\ x_{31} \geq 1 \\ x_{21} + x_{41} \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

2.

$$\begin{cases} L_2 = 2x_{22} + 2x_{32} + 9x_{42} \rightarrow \min \\ x_{12} + x_{32} + x_{42} \geq 0 \\ x_{12} + x_{22} \geq 1 \\ x_{32} \geq 1 \\ x_{22} + x_{42} \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

3.

$$\begin{cases} L_3 = 3x_{13} + 2x_{23} + 4x_{33} + 8x_{43} \rightarrow \min \\ x_{13} + x_{33} + x_{43} \geq 3 \\ x_{13} + x_{23} \geq 1 \\ x_{33} \geq 4 \\ x_{23} + x_{43} \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$TEX = X \otimes T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 12 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 16 \\ 0 & 18 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$L_1 = 15, \quad L_2 = 22, \quad L_3 = 26$$

$$P_1 = 0, \quad P_2 = 16, \quad P_3 = 21,$$

$$P_4 = 26.$$

$$L^- = \max\{L_1, L_2, L_3\} = 26$$

$$x_{31} = 1,$$

$$x_{32} = 1, \quad x_{33} = 4$$

[14, 20].

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$T \otimes X$, L^- [14, 15, 19, 20].



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