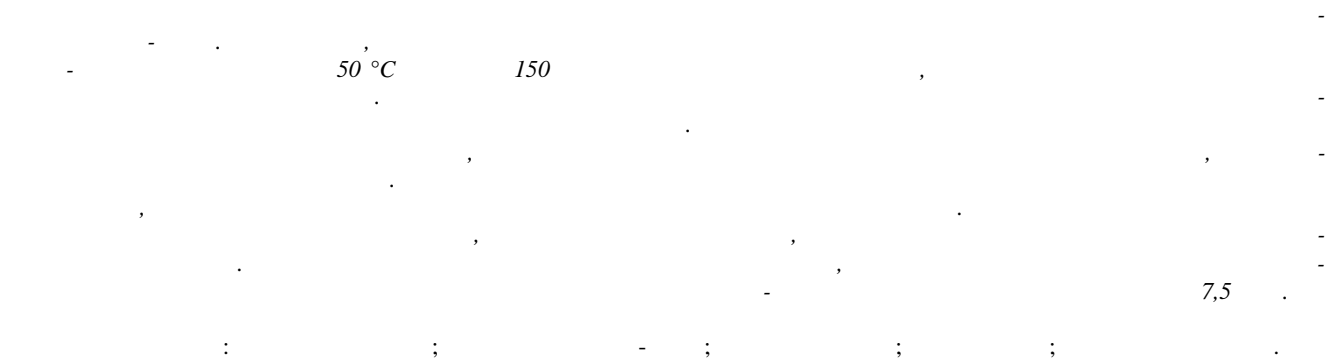


Влияние температуры и времени на эксплуатационные свойства древесных пластиков без добавления связующих

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 26.01.2018, 5.02.2018



The influence of temperature and time on the performance properties of wood plastics without using resins

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 Received 26.01.2018, accepted 5.02.2018

The data of thermal aging of wood plastics without adding binders on bioactivated press raw materials are analyzed. It has been established that during the heat treatment of wood plastic without a binder on the bioactivated press raw material at a temperature of 50°C for the first 150 hours of exposure, there are processes leading to an increase in bending strength and hardness in the samples. An assumption about the nature of the processes taking place with a short and long residence time of the samples at elevated temperatures is made. At the first stage, crosslinking is observed due to methylol and hydroxyl groups of lignin and cellulose, which leads to an increase in the values of hardness and toughness, meanwhile, swelling and water absorption decrease. At the second stage, there are aging processes and the strength indexes slowly decrease, accompanied by a slight increase in water absorption and swelling of the samples. The aging of the samples is due to the destruction of chemical bonds of lignin, cellulose and its components, which play the role of a bundle in samples of wood plastic without a binder. According to the results of thermal aging of the samples, it was found that the expected lifetime of wood plastic products without a binder on bioactivated press raw materials in room conditions is 7.5 years.

Keywords: wood plastics; bioactivate press materials; thermal aging; durability; temperature effect.

[1, 2]

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 (- (+))

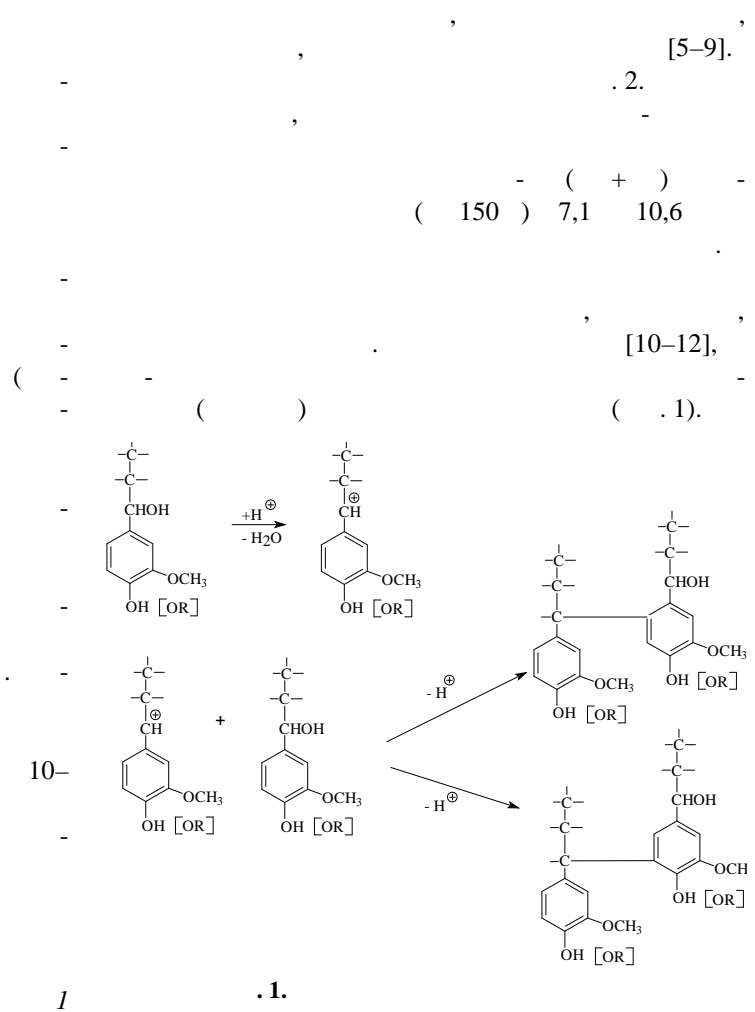
15 %

85-90 %

90

2

1.



	40
	180
	18
	10
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	24

4,7-4,8,

150

(150)

9

22,8 21,8

() 150

(. 2).

12 % [3].

50 °

70,8 %),

150

	- (+)						- ()					
	0	50	100	150	200	400	0	50	100	150	200	400
, / ³	949	1017	982	959	1105	1024	1152	1088	1073	1081	1046	1095
, ,	7,1	7,1	9,5	10,6	10,0	9,0	10,7	11,8	10,9	12,6	13,6	14,3
,	23,0	22,8	20,1	21,7	20,8	21,9	20,3	15,7	20,5	16,7	21,9	21,8
24 ,%	42,8	43,9	42,4	39,4	39,9	36,5	43,2	54,2	70,8	66,3	58,6	42,9
24 ,%	3,4	5,3	2,8	2,7	3,0	2,6	4,0	4,8	6,4	6,1	6,5	3,9
, / ²	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,8	1,3	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,3

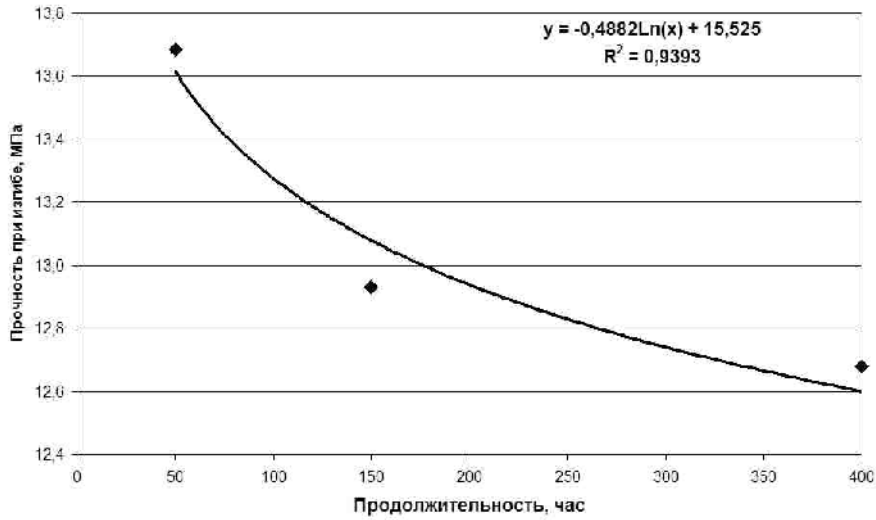
(- (+)), ,
 (43,2 36,5 %). , 80 %
 [4].
 - ()
 9.707- ,
 81 « » [13], , 150
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 [15].
 (τ) (1): 1 200 /³ . 3.

$$\tau = \tau \cdot \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{1}{R} - 1 \right), \quad (1)$$
 - ()
 1 200 /³

	0	50	100	150	200	400
- ()	11,1	13,7	12,3	12,9	-	12,7

(1), τ
 1. (τ)
 2. (. 2),
 3. () (2):

$$y = -0,4882 \ln(x) + 15,525, R^2 = 0,939 \quad (2)$$



.2.

- ()

... (), 13,4 ...
 (2) ... (τ) ...
 (), 77,48 ...
 ... [13],
 20° (293,15).
 (3): ... (τ) (1) ...
 = ... R ... (3) ...
 ... R = 8,31 ...
 ... () 65 966 (7,5).
 ... ()

$$y = 9250x + 1E + 07 (), R^2 = 0,81.$$

()

(4):

$$E_a = \text{tg} \cdot 2,3 \cdot R. \quad (4)$$

(4), - () 177

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(), 150–200 /

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 3. ...
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